The meeting lasted nearly 40 minutes. When it had adjourned, the reporters were given the appended set of resolutions, which so the leaders said, was the only news for publication.

WHEREAS, We, the employes of the mechan ical department and day laborers of the Carnegie's Steel Works of Homestead in as our views in regard to the labor trouble Resolved, That we are in sympathy with

the Amalgamated Association and pledge ourselves to stand with them to the end. Resolved, That we consider it an injustice to the mechanical department and the day ask them to work under guard, as we believe yet in this land of the free all should be

Getting Ready to Begin Work.

The lenders of the Amalgamated men, including Hugh O'Donnell, Dave Shannon and Burgess McLuckie, consider that this action on the part of the mechanics and laborers will prove a hard blow to the Carnegle Company. They say furthermore that new mechanics capable of satisfactorily fil-ing the places of the old men. Be this true or otherwise Superintendent Potter evidently intends to begin operations this morning, as all day yesterday he and his as-sistants were about the works. He declined

sistants were about the works. He declined to talk for publication.

There were so many strangers in Homestead yesterday and the town wore such a holiday look that most of the strikers mingled with the throngs of pleasure seekers and went up to Carnegie Hill to watch the drilling of the troops. The majority of them declared that they would induige in no outbreak even if the yards were packed with "black sheep" during the night.

"What's the use of bucking against a stone wall," mutered one of the striking heaters as he cast an expressive gianne at the tented as he cast an expressive giance at the tented hill and swarms of blue coats.

THE DEATH LIST GROWS.

Two More Participants in the Battle at Homestead Pass Away-One a Steelworker and War Veteran, the Other a Pinkerton Detective.

Two more deaths resulting from the riot at Homestead occurred yesterday. One was a Pinkerton detective, the other a steelworker. The Pinkerton man was Edward Speer, a resident of Chicago. He had been that in the right leg during the battle on the barges on Wednesday the 6th inst., and was taken to the West Penn Hospital in the early morning of the next day. His wound was near the thigh and his death is attributed to exhaustion. Nothing could be

learned of his history.

George W. Rutter, one of the employes at the Homestead Steel Works, who was shot at the same time, died at the Homeopathic Hospital vesterday afternoon. He was 46 years of age and leaves a wife and family at Verona borough, where he had resided for many years and was well and popularly known. His death makes II that have been officially reported from the battle at Home-

A Very Peculiar Wound.

Rutter was brought to the hospital at noon on the day of the riot. He had been shot in the right hip with a rifle ball, believed to have been fired from the Pinkerton boats. The ball passed thorough the hip joint from the side and rear, logged under the skin in the lower part of the abdomen. It had been extracted by a physthe skin in the lower part of the bidomen. It had been extracted by a physician at Homestead before the injured man was sent here. According to the hospital poysicians, Eutter had been given a considerable quantity of liquor, probably for the purpose of sustaining him atter the injury was received. His mind was affected by the liquor, and when its effects passed away he became delirious. From then until death relieved him his mind wangered almost continually, and in his ravings he was back on the river bank at the Homestead mills encountering, with his fellow strikers, the Pinkertons.

time he would say he was taking no part in the fight, simply standing on the bank watching the others. At another time he

who had be size up on the gang blank when the Pinkerton beats landed, and then it was he received the bullet.

It is believed that he was injured in the first charge when the Pinkertons arrived at Homestead, but further than this his story is not known. Owing to the contradictory nature of his statements the Coroner would take no ante-mortem statement from him.

A Veteran of the Rebellion. Butter was a veteran of the late war, had an excellent record, and the scars on his body attest to the service he saw at the front. He enlisted in the Eleventh Pennsyl

body attest to the service he saw at the front. He enlisted in the Eleventh Pennsylvania Roserves, the same regiment in which speriff McCleary served, but was subsequently transferred to Thompson's Battery, which saw some of the hardest fighting in the last three years of the war.

When first brought to the hospital the gravity of his condition was appreciated and he was placed in a private room and given be best attention the building affords, sevral of the best surgeons in the city holding onsultations on his case. His death is copy regretted by the hospital staff. The body was removed to the morgae yes-malay and placed in a neat casket where it as viewed by his heart broken wite and in last night. This morning it will be resoved to the family home in Verona by the A. R. Post of which he was a member, and se interment will take place to-morrow fremon, The date of the Coroner's inquest has been set for Wednesday morning and the same jury which sat in the other limestead cases will sit in this.

The only Homestead cases remaining at the Homeopathic Hospital are Captain Hein, band Wells and James Lester, all Pinkerton near, who are slowly recovering.

PRESIDENT WEIHE DENIES

nen, who are slowly recovering.

That He Signed an Appeal for Financial Aid for Workers,

Word was received in this city at a late our last night that a paper was being circulated among the trade unions in New York City, appealing in the name of the Aucelgamated Association for financial aid to provide for poor strikers in Homestead. The paper was said to be signed by President William Weihe and Thomas J. Craw ford and George C. Ryland, two of the Aundenmated leaders in Homestead.

When President Weihe was shown the telegram from New York at an early hour telegram from New York at an early hour this morning and asked if the paper being circulated was genuine, he said: "I have no knowledge of such a circular. One thing positive, I never authorized the use of my name upon any such paper, and I entertain serious doubts if Mr. Ryland or Mr. Crawford know anything of the matter. The circular did not emanate from the National Lodge, and if the Homestead people gave their statetion to such a measure being used for securing financial aid I most certainly would have heard something of it. Another would have heard something of it. Another thing, if the paper was genuine I should naturally believe that the name of Hugh O'Donnell would have been signed to the O'Donnell would have been signed to the appeal instead of the other two men.
"For my part I think the paper is a heax. It has only been a short time since the same thing was attempted in this city and the Amalgamated Association put a stop to it. During the present trouble we have received numerous offers of financial assistance from outside lodges all over the country and the Homestead lenders have received an equal number. If the locked-out men needed money they would have answered these communications or notified the National Lodge to do the same. There is no need of a petition being circulated and I am emphatic in my belief it is not genuine."

A STRIKE NOT ORDERED.

The Duquesne Men Will Do Nothing Until

Better Organized. The Carnegie employes of the Duquesne Steel Works held a mass meeting in the grove near Duquesne yesterday morning to further consider the advisability of coming out in support of the Homestead men. The meeting was generally attended, and a aber of the locked-out men from Homestead were present to encourage the ocal workmen in taking a stand in their be half. Speeches were made by the local and Homestead leaders. The latter especially orged the men to strike. They argued that inged the men to strike. They argued that it simply meant self-preservation, as the time was not far distant when they also would suffer reductions in wages. They pleaded eloquently for the men at this place to support the Amalgamated Association in this crisis and assured them of being well taken care of should they come out. The men were urged to organize at once, as they could do nothing unless they were a unit in their action. Local speakers were non-committal, but the pleadings of the locked-

out men had such effect that resolutions were passed declaring their intention to organize and that at once. Several organizers were appointed and ordered to begin active operations at once. The meeting then adjourned without taking further action.

action.

An uncertain feeling prevails among the men, though the general opinion is that they will not strike, or if so not in the near future. They will first try to organize lodges of the Amaigamated Association. News of the meeting spread, and some excitement was created by the report that the men had decided to strike to-morrow. This is untrue, as little or no organization prevails here at present.

SUNDAY AT THE CAMP.

Chaplains and Pretty Gir's Reign Supreme -A Great Crowd of Visitors Watch the Soldiers-The Daily Cost of the Mi-

The regimental chaplains and the pretty girls reigned supreme at Camp Sam Black yesterday. The usual number of soldiers were there too, but they seemed to be existing only to hear the ministers and entertain the swarm of handsome visitors. Divine services were held in nearly all the regiments and some eloquent sermons were preached to congregations much larger than are usually found in the churches. In many of the regiments the soldiers were ordered to attend divine service or go to the guard house, which to an extent, at least, accounted for the liberal attendance. It was estimated that 30,000 visitors were

It was estimated that 30,000 visitors were in the encampment yesterday, and the bulk of that vast crowd was made up of women. The old lady whose father, husband or son had seen active service in other years was there to see just how the citizen soldiers compared with the veterans she knew best. The young woman was there to see her husband or her brother who is faithfully serving the State, and the young lady, dressed like a fairy, in white, was there to see her sweetheart or to make slaves of the blue coats with whom she came in contact. The girls came in from every section of the State, and every regiment in the encampment had large delegations to entertain.

Ladies Enjoy the Maneuvers.

The soldiers went through the regular drills in the afternoon, and in the evening they all turned out in dress parade, not only to obey the orders of their commanders, but to delight the hearts of the admiring army of ladies who watched every movement

with rare interest.

The heliograph was winking and blinking all day from the headquarters at the schoolall day from the headquarters at the schoolhouse to the detachment of the signal corps
on the other side of the river. The State
signal corps comes entirely from H company of the Tweifth which is stationed at
Lock Haven and which has spent nearly
\$2,000 on its signal work. The heliographing
was excellently done and the company is
now conducting a series of experiments
with night flashes on the heliograph, which
are watched with great interest by the
regulars on the yound.

are watched with great interest by the regulars on the ground.

Most of the Indy visitors who came down in crowds from Pittsburg and the other neighboring towns to-day clustered with morbid curiosity about the gatling gun at headquarters during the day, and listened with rapt attention to the handsome young gunner who explained how 1,200 bullets a minute could be ground out of the hopper and scattered over such parts of the landscape as might be selected. It was a curious fact that the prettiest girls always required the most explanation.

Live'y Scenes at General Headquarters, The hill upon which is located the general headquarters was alive with people all the day, and from that point they seemed to scatter out over the whole camp. There was no relaxation of discipline on the part of the soldiers, but the guard itnes seemed more flexible than usual and there was little or no difficulty in getting by the sentries. The difficulty in getting by the sentries. The crowd went to the camp early and stayed there until the night developed, when the camp was cleared. The people left the place reluctantly, and not a few hung about the outside lines until after taps, when the warriors were forced to their tents, where the lights were lowered and the men were supposed at least to retire. If they did not go to bed they disobeyed orders, in which event if caught at it they will carry a rail through the camp for a certain time this morning.

military discipline by making the offender carry a rail on his shoulder for a certain time seems to be growing, and fully 1,000 peo-ple watched the process in the Tenth Regiment yesterday. A member of II Company had offended by talking loud while religious services were being held. Ke was sentenced to carry the rail for two hours and while he carried it all the visitors in that part of the camp watched him with morbid interest. His was the only breach that occurred at the open air services.

Preaching on the Labor Trouble. All the chaplains talked of the Home stead trouble and the presence of the militia at that place, but Rev. Mr. Gerhard, of the Twelfth Reginent, preached a purely military sermon. He went into the question of the con science of the soldier, and told his flock that as citizens they must obey American law and as soldiers they must enforce its obedience. When called to the colors, there was but one plain duty for every National Guardsman and every soldier in America, and that was honestly, heartily and loyally to obey the orders issued by his superior officers. In no other way could the State be safe, the Republic permanent. He said that a tremendous responsibility ally upon the National Guard in every time of public danger, and that responsibility was to be discharged by discipline, resolutions and courage. "Keep your oath you have freely taken to be loyal to the State and to the United States, and you will have done your whole duty," Mr. Gerhard concluded.

Several other sermons were preached in camp, none of them, however, so boldly taking hold of the question of the hour as was Mr. Gerhard's, published the sevent was the estate. that as citizens they must obey American

ir. Gerhard's. In the town pulpits the stake was re-ferred to, but the efforts of the clergymen were chiefly directed to allaying the excite-ment of the past two weeks, and none of the

lergy took very strong ground save in urgng arbitration The Works Closely Guarded.

Throughout the town, far more numerous than lamp posts, armed sentries were pacing backward and forward. Around the Carnegie property and outlined in relief against the glaring whiteness of the high board negle property and outsined in relief against the giaring whiteness of the high board fence, the pickets were so close as to be able to almost touch each other's hands.

The military are already growing anxious about the length of time they will be required to remain at Homestead. No definite information is obtainable on the subject, but on saturday a contract was signed to supply the Provisional Prigade with water for three weeks, with the privilege of renewing the contract at the same rate for an indefinite period thereafter. With the few who know of the signing of the water contract there is a growing belief that the encampment will extend to an annoying period at least. It was said yesterday by an officer that two regiments would be left at Homestead for at least two months after the bulk of the soldiers had been called home.

It is estimated that the keeping of the troops at Homestead and at Mt. Gretna is costing the State upwards of \$30,000 a day. The pay of troops amounts to over \$16,000. Their subsistence aggregates \$3,000. Horse hire amounts to \$1,000 and the expenses of the Quartermaster's department reaches \$1.500. The transportation of the troops to and from Homestead will reach \$30,600.

Daily Pay of the Guard.

Daily Pay of the Guard, Fully 8,000 men responded to the Gov-errnor's call. The daily pay of the members

Л	or inclinational orders as appointed.	
3	Major General Brigadier General	\$25
1	Colonel	
j	Lieutenant-Colonel	10
3	Major	7
	Captain	5
1	First Lieutenant	4
	Second Lieutenant	3
	Sergeant	2
ì	Corporal	1
	Re-inlisted	1
	Private	1
	William Engle, of No. 201 Dinwiddles	tre
	Pittsburg, while watching the formation	

Pittsburg, while watching the formation for dress parade of the Third Brigade, was knocked down by a horse ridden by a member of the Sheridan troop. In falling, Engle's head struck a rock and he was unconscions for two hours. He was carried to the hospital of the Third Brigade, where the Brigade surgeons labored over him until 7 o'clock, when he was able to be taken home.

top their landing, as a violation of the labor contract law.

Others think Mr. O'Donnell went to Harrisburg to have an interview with the Gov

NO SIGNS OF WEAKENING.

Arguments Advanced by the Employes of the Two Union Mills Showing They Do Not Fear the Determined Stand of the Carpegie Steel Company.

The recent agreement entered into by the Carnegie Steel Company and the employes of the Beaver Falls mill was canceled at 5 o'clock this morning, and hereafter, if the men conclude to go to work, it will be as non-union men. At 6 o'clock on the afternoon of Thursday next, the time for the locked-out workmen to return to their positions in the Homestead mills will have expired, and after that time the firm intend to take the first applicants that come along. In the Upper and LowerUnion mills no time has been set for the men to go back to work, but the company declares that never again will the Union mills' employes be recognized as memoers of the Amalgamated Associa-

In face of this determined stand taken by the Carnegie Steel Company the locked-out and striking employes have assumed an equally firm position and exhibit not the slightest signs of weakness or fear; in fact they show a great deal of confidence and insist that they will win the present battle. In a conversation with several of the Union mills' workmen last evening it was brought out that it case the Carnegie Steel Company made an effort to run all their mills non-union, even if their old workmen did not interfere, more than one obstacle would be in the way.

The Question of Skilled Labor.

"In the first place," said one of the wage earners, "where is the company going to get 8,000 men to fill the vacant places in the Union, Beaver Falls and Homestead milist We readily recognize the fact that it will be comparatively easy for them to get men to comparatively easy for them to get men to work in the wire rod mill at Beaver Falls, but in the Union and Homestead mills most of the machinery is of a special character and even the manner of getting out the product is different. We know that there are a great many non-union froworkers in the country, and admitting that some or these represent skilled labor, yet they cannot take our places simply because it would take weeks and months before they could learn the ins and outs of the business at the two Union and Homestead mills. We were pretty sure of our ground before we the two Union and Homestead mills. We were pretty sure of our ground before we went out, and we are just as confident as ever. Then, again, if the Beaver Falls mill employs non-union men and the workers in other mills of the Carnegie Steel Company win the day, before they will return to work the company will have to take back their old men at Beaver Falls."

The firm, on the other hand, is just as confident. The officials all along stated emphatically that they will not recognize the Amalgamated Association in the future. Therefore from the firm position taken by both sides many disinterested narties are of the opinion that the struggle will be an endless one, while others say that the hop when all the mills will be in operation is near at hand.

The trouble between the Carnegie Steel

The trouble between the Carnegie Steel Company and their former employes, both in this city as well as in Homestead, has done much to prevent any material progress being made in the wage controversy between the Amalgamated Association and the Pittsburg manufacturers. The two committees meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon in the Ferguson block for their tenth conference. While the former discussions between the ironmasters of this city and the Amalgamated Association have thus far proven fruitless, the feeling is now becoming general that a settlement will be reached in a short time.

Powers of the Wage Committee The Wage Committee delegated by the Amalgamated Association at their recent convention has been vested with certain powers to treat with the manu acturers, and while they possess no authority to make any radical changes in the original scale, they have the right to make any minor alterations the manufacturers may insist upon, and which the Amalgamated commit-tee believe should be granted. The exist-grouble between the Carnegie Company and their employes has in addition pro-duced a feeling on both sides that a settle-ment should be effected at the shortest

It has been stated repeatedly that the Pittsburg manufacturers will agree to allow the \$5 50 rate for boiling from if the Amalgamated Conference Committee will in turn concede reductions in the prices paid rollers, heaters and other high-salaried men. It is certain that the Amalgamated Association will not agree to the \$1 reduction in the puddling department, and in order to bring about a peaceful settlement, it is expected that the manufacturers will waive that point Important developments in the arrangement of the wage scale for Pittsburg will, no doubt, be forthcoming during this week

will, no doubt, be forthcoming during this week.

The committee of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, which was sent from Pittsburg to Chicago last week to request the building trades of the "Windy City" to boycott the output of the Carnegie mills if non-union men should be employed there, has made no official report; in fact, they have not been heard from since their departure. The statement was made by this committee that similar committees and been sent to other large cities with the nad'been sent to other large cities with the same purpose in view. The fidelity and strength of the unions in the building trades hus promise to be fully tested, as Carnegie beams are in use in every section.

HOMESTEAD'S APPEAL

It Is Sent to the New York Central Labor Union and Referred to Affiliated Unions -Contributions Are to Be Sent to President Weihe.

NEW YORK, July 17 .- To-day the Central Labor Union received an appeal for financial aid from the Homestead iron and steel workers. It was referred to the affilinted unions for immediate action. The Central Labor Federation to-day appointed a special committee to collect funds in aid the Homestead iron workers. The following is a part of the circular sent to this city by the Amalgamated Association of Steel

and Iron Workers: We are constrained by the force of circumstances to set before you a matter of vital importance, not alone to us but one which threatens, if successful, to undermine every trade organization in the United States and reduce us to a system of serfdom which was the lot of our forefathers in the Middle Aces.

the lot of our forefathers in the Middle Ares.

We have a number of unskilled laborers who barely carned an existence while they had employment, and now that is denied them they are in want. Therefore, we appeal to our reliow unionists in this, our hour of need, for assistance, knowing full well that it will not be denied us. Help us, therefore, to gain a victory that will redound to the name of organized labor.

Again we ask you to assist us financially in our hour of need, protect the widews and orphans and receive their blessings. Send all donations to W. Weihe, President Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, No. 514 Smithfield street, Pittsburg, Pa., and notify Thomas J. Crawford, box 196, Homestead, Pa., and George, F. Ryiand, box 281, Homestead, Pa., of all moneys sent.

O'DONNELL'S TRIP EAST.

He Leaves Homestead Perhaps to See Gov ernor Pattison-Others Say He Has Gone to Attend a Labor Leader Conference in Philadelphia,

IBY ASSOCIATED PRESS. HOMESTEAD, July 17 .- Hugh O'Donnell, with a small valise in hand, turned up at the railroad station just as the Pittsburg train was pulling out this evening and swung himself onto the train. Where he was going, or how long he proposed to be absent, were questions which he declined to answer to the eager inquirers who gathered about him.

"Go and see Crawford; he will give you all the news," O'Donnell called from the train as it pulled out.

Mr. Crawford said that he understood O'Clock, when he was able to be taken home.

O'DONNELL GOES EAST.

His Object Said to Be to Prevent the Landing of Foreign Mill Men.

Hugh O'Donnell went East last night. He refused to say where he was going or what was the object of his mission. He did his best to slip through the gates without being seen, but that was impossible. It is surmised that be will meet the steamer Switzerland reported to have on board a number of foreign iron workers. If the report is correct, he will make an effort to and properly taken as to their disposition before anything is done with them.

THE SWITZERLAND'S PASSENGERS.

If They Contained Laborers for Homestead, the Warning Came Too Late. PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—If the information eccived by President Weihe, of the Amaiamated Association, that the Carnegie Company is importing fromworkers from Belgium by the steamer Switzerland is true then the men are safe behind the corden of troops around Homestead, for the Switzer-land arrived here last Wednesday. The Switzer and brought 640 immigrants, every one of whom passed by the inspectors and were allowed to proceed to their destina-tions.

were allowed to proceed to their destinations.

When the Switzerland's passengers were landed Thursday Immigrant Inspector Stratton was not present, as he is away on his vacation. In his absence the Custom House inspectors put the usual questions to the immigrants, and, finding the answers of all satisfactory, allowed them to land. Deputy Surveyor Franklin, who was on the deck examining laggaze, noticed among the newly-arrived passengers a company of about 109 men, who were noticeable for their stalwart appearance. Deputy Franklin says all of them had the look of men who had been engaged in some occupation that developed their strength. He also noticed that their baggage was checked for Altoona, Pa. Chief Officer Apetz was in charge of the Switzerland to-day, and he said that few of the steamer's passengers were Belgians, and that none were iron workers.

DOWN ON THE MILITARY IDEA.

Soth Radical and Conservative Reso

by a Trades Assembly. CHICAGO, July 17 .- The Trades and Laoor Assembly to-day passed resolutions calling for the arrest of William and Robert Pinkerton and H. C. Frick on the charges of treason, murder, and inciting to riot and insurrection. The following was then adopted, against the emphatic objections of a few:

tions of a few:

WHEREAS, It is reported that a military force is being organized from the labor unions of the city and elsewhere with the declared purpose of physically resisting the armed forces of the employing class; and, Whereas, The maintenance of such an armed force is practically impossible, and every effort in that direction is most unwise and injurious to the interests of labor, so long as the workers have a right to vote, and through the ballot box control State and National troops, regulate the police and abolish the Pinkertons, therefore, Resolved, That the Trade and Labor As sembly condemn the movement to make sembly condemn the movement to make military organizations of our labor organ-izations.

BEAVER PALLS MEN FIRM.

Not One of Their Number Will Report for

Work To-Day. Last night everything was quiet the Carnegie mills at Beaver Falls. The men were very quite but firm, and said that not a man would show up for work this morning. Several quiet meetings were held yesterday and the men were a unit in declaring they would stay out all summer unless their brethren at Homestead were allowed a conference with the firm.

The railroad men on the Pittsburg, Vir ginia and Charleston road laugh at the refreight to and from the Homestead mill. An engineer said last evening that he for one would not quit work, and a number of yardmen spoke in the same way. They regard the strike at Homestead as none of their business, and say they will not interfere.

PEOPLE COMING AND GOING.

J. M. Grable, of Monongahela City, and C. A. Rockwood, of Olean, are at the St.

Sam McClinton, of Steubenville, and J. P. Hazlett, of Youngstown, are at the An-Marsh McDonald left for Cincinnati and

Louisville last evening to look after his coal R. L. Johnson, of Warren, and M. D. Patton, of Parker, are stopping at the St. James Hotel.

Austin Farrell, of Bristol, and W. D. Appleyard, of West Newton, put up at the Duquesne last evening. Uncle Jerry McKinnie

Colonel Coryell, of the Twelfth Regi-ment, left for Williamsport last evening. He was called home by a death in his family. Henry M. Keim, Treasurer of the Valley road, reached the city from Cleveland last evening. He stopped at the Anderson Hotel.

Among the passengers for New York last evening were Mr. Rosenbaum and his fam-ily, Joseph Craig and George W. Guthrie and wife.

John H. Seaman, of Scottdale, and J. A. Stevenson, a prominent Grand Army man from New Castle, were at the Seventh Avenue Hotel yesterday. J. H. McClure and J. S. Buford, two Nashville horsemen, are registered at the Monongahela House. They are here to at-

Rev. L. Morgan Wood, pastor of Ply-mouth Congregations! Church, Detroit, with his family is visiting his tather Dr. Wood, of Duquesne College at 324 Wylie avenue.

Pittsburgers in New York, NEW YORK, July 17.—[Special.]—The following Pittsburgers are registered at hotels here: H. W. Lash, Fifth Avenue; H. C.

Bowers, Metropolitan; J. R. Brown, Sinclair; W. C. Burtt, Imperial; R. M. Caryo, Continental; F. H. Cashbough, Morton; E. L. Clark, Hoffman; G. B. Cochran, Gilsey; S. H. Clark, Hoffman; G. B. Cochran, Gilsey; S. H. Cook, St. Nicholas; J. M. Crowe, Park Avenue; F. W. Evans, Grand; L. K. Finney, Continental; E. Hitchman, Gilsey; D. F. Jenkins, Grand; L. A. Katz, Marlborough; A. J. Kidd, Morton; H. L. Loeffler, Morton; H. Maser, Metropolitan; G. McCabe, Grand; J. J. O'Leary, Coleman; W. D. Phelan; Normandie; A. L. Pleus, Hoffman; S. M. Rose, Normandie; T. Scott, Tremont; H. Sulzbacher, St. Cloud; J. Wallace, Continental; G. R. West, Grand; E. D. Wilt, Coleman; P. C. Wolff, St. Denis; T. S. B. Wood, Hoffman.

Arrested a Horse and Buggy. Early vesterday morning a horse and buggy was found tied to a tree on Locus treet. It belonged to J. F. Bergoman, a con

tractor, who had left it on Ridge avenue where someone had stolen it. After taking a drive the horse had been tied up where the officer found it. \$1,000 for the Hospital Fund.

The Ladies' Aia Society of the Southside Iospital will meet to-morrow afternoon and eceive the report of the committees having charge of the lawn fete recently held for the benefit of the hospital. It is thought that about \$1,000 will be turned into the hospital fund.

Supposed to Be a Pittsburg Man. A telegram from Cleveland, O., says the decomposed body of a young man, identified as Joseph Fossenger, who with his sister Pauline ran away from their father's home in l'ittsburg three months ago, was found in the woods near that city Saturday. The name does not appear in the city directory.

The Prize Fight Didn't Occur. A report was received by the Allegheny colice yesterday that two Woods Run mil workers were to have a fight on Brunot's Island. The fight was to take place at li a. M. The police showed up, but the princi-pals did not.

THE FIRST 10 MONTHS' RECORD

THE DISPATCH'S ADLETS shows A GAIN OF 31,400 advertisements

or an average increase of more than 100 every day of those ten months! The figures are as follows: 10 Mos, Ending June 30, '92

Advertisers receive the most gratifying returns from the use of the Classified Col-

The Old Sproat Dairy Farm Is the Scene of a Bloody Sunday Battle.

BOLD DAYLIGHT ROBBERY.

How Dairyman Vutzinger Defended His Property.

NAGLE WAS KNOCKED INSENSIBLE.

Two of the Robbers Are Arrested and Two More Are at Large.

DISORDER ON THE PERRYSVILLE ROAD

There were riotons scenes out the Perrysville plank road yesterday, and as a result five men are in Allegheny Central station. Two are there for robbery and attempting to kill three men and the others are for minor offenses, while the police are searching for others.

The men who were assaulted were Balzoe Lutzinger, Joseph Blumer and Charles Nagle. The former is the owner of the Old Sproat dairy, on the Butcher's Run plank road, just below Jacob Born's tavern. Blumer is the hired man, and like his employe is not over 35 years of Charles Nagle owns the place where the dairy business is located. He is an old, gray-haired man. The house stands back from the road and is a secluded place, screened by trees from the gay driving parties that are always to be found on that famous driveway.

Held Up by Four Highwaymen. About 6:30 last evening four men came to Lutzinger's house and demanded a drink. One threw down a half dollar and said he wanted beer. Mr. Lutzinger said they did not sell intoxicants or anything else. By this time the others had closed in on him. Mr. Lutzinger, who only four months before had been held up and robbed in the same place of \$95 in cash, remem-bered it and made a fight. Just then Blumer ran to his assistance and got knocked down with a bit of a plank for his trouble. Charles Nagle also came out and was at ouce knocked insensible, the men pounding him with a heavy stick even after

Blumer who had recovered started in again, but was knocked down time and again. Lutzinger had also secured a club and did some effective work with it as the wounds on the bruised and bleeding pris-

Police Called to the Scene The noise of the fight had attracted James out that way. They were unarmed and did not venture in the fight, but they say it was not venture in the fight, but they say it was
the most brutal affair they ever witnessed.
At last, fearing the dairy man and his
friends would be killed, they drove hastily
to the residence of James Hunter, ex-Chairman of Allegheny Common Council.

It was 7 o'clock when Mr. Hunter telephoned to police headquarters stating that
four toughs had attempted a robbery, and
one man was nearly killed. Detectives
Kornman, Milby, McDonough and Frank
Alken started at once for the place. They
tound Lutzlager and Nagle badly battered
up, and Blumer was in a very serious condition. He had been terribly beaten and
was bleeding from a dozen wounds. They
learned that the only thing stolen was a
watch and chain. This was found a little
further down the road where the men had
dropped it in their hasse.

After securing a description of the men
they started on the hunt and soon came

they started on the hunt and soon came upon three of them. Thetwo captured were James Gildernew and Harry Thompson, both millworkers. The third was James Smith, a red-headed man, but he escaped. The fourth is unknown. They all bore the marks of Lutzinger's club. Tried to Steal His Flowers,

The story that Gildernew tells of the affair s that the men first began stealing flower n his ward, and while he was driving them away one went into the house, stole the watch and was searching for money when watch and was searching for money when he arrived. He says the fight started when he got to the house.

Of late there has been a great deal of dis-order out the Perrysville road on Sundays and a special detail of officers was sent out there yesterday to keep order. Two of them, Huwley and Wilt, assisted in making the arrests. rrests.
These same officers afterward arrested dam White and John Hosenfelt for fast Adam White and John Hosenfelt for fast driving and creating a disturbance. William Field attempted to stop the officers when they were making the arrest and he was sent along with them to Central station.

TOO MUCH AUTHORITY.

Night Watchman Viciously Assaults Pole Who Advises Him, Emile Henke was given a bearing before police station yesterday morning, and paid

Henke is employed as night watchman as McClure's planing mill, corner of Twenty-seventh and Smallman streets. Early yesterday morning Henke noticed two men loiter ing around the mill. He accosted them and they started to run. He fired several shots after them with no effect.

Joseph Lesky, a Pole, who happened to be Joseph Lesky, a Pole, who happened to be passing, inquired of him: "Why don't you run and catch them instead of shooting?"

Henke became angered at this, and started to chase the Pole. He fired two shots over his head, "just to frighten him," as he told Judge McKenna, and he did frighten him so hadly that he stopped and fell on his knees. Henke came up, and pulling a handy-billy out of his pocket dealt him a stunning blow over the head with it. Officer Wilkofsky was attracted by the shooting and placed Henke under arrest. After hearing the testimony, Magistrate McKenna gave Henke a severe lecture, and imposed a fine of \$25 and costs, and in default 30 days to the workhouse.

Escaped Over the Fence. An attempt was made to burglarize the drug store of Dr. Scherer, at No. 404 Webster avenue, about 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The thief climbed on a shed at the rear o the house, and with a jimmy tore off a screen over the window. While thus engaged he made so much noise as to awaken the family. When the doctor opened an upper window the burglar made his escape over the fence and ran toward Erin street.

Wants O'Donnell to Go on the Stage. A special from Wilkesbarre says that D. L. Hart, author of a mining play, "Underground," which is to be produced for the first time in this city on August 15, has offered Hugh O'Donnell, the Homestend labor leader, \$150 a week if he will take part in the play as one of the strikers' committee wait-ing on the coal operators. It is not known whether O'Donnell has accepted or not.

PICKED UP BY THE POLICE MATT WILHELM was arrested on the South

ANNIE CARNEY, and John Fulten were arrested by Officer Ranson yesterday after-noon for fighting at No. 246 Web-ter avenue. They were locked up in the Eleventh ward FRANK McCarrey, complained to Officer

Devlin, yesterday afternoon, that he had been robbed of \$10 in a house in Yellow row, on Second avenue. Officer Devlin visited the place and arrested the inmates. MISS MATTIE MILLER was arrested last night by Officer Allen, and looked up in the Eleventh ward police station, charged with stealing a watch and a lot of household goods from the residence of Frank Dunn, at No. 165 Wylie avenue.

LIEUTENANT GALLANT and a squad of police from the Twelfth ward police station raided the alleged disorderly house of Mrs. Moran, No. 45 Spring alley, yesterday afternoon, and arrested the proprietrees and two visi-tors, Joseph Burns and Marion Moran.

SOME HEAVY FINES.

sturday Offenders Receive the Usual Sunthe Workhouse-Hearings Light on the Southside and in Allegheny.

The Saturday victims of the law were not numerous, and their offenses, except in one or two instances, were not serious. Magistrate Hyndman presided at the Cen tral Station. Michael Sist, the Italian who attacked 7-year-old Mollie Zahm, was fined \$50 and costs, which he paid. John Dolan,

attacked 7-year-old Mollie Zahm, was fined \$50 and costs, which he paid. John Dolan, for acting disorderly on a Baltimore and Ohio train, was fined \$50 and costs, which he paid. John Nukie, for annoying Sixth street pedestrians, was sent to the work-house for 30 days. A number of other common cases were disposed of.

Magistrate McKenna had 33 offenders before him at the Twelfth ward poice station. Joseph Lynn was fined \$5 and costs for fighting in Mulberry alley. Mrs. Edgar, accused of keeping a disorderly house on Smallman street, was fined \$10 and costs, and Mrs. Kelly, a visitor, was discharged. Henry Norman was arrested for drunkeness, and after being placed under arrest struck a boy with a brick. He was assessed \$13 40. John Sullivan, Timothy Sullivan, Johanna Sullivan and Robert Brown engaged in a family fight Saturday night, for which each was fined \$5 and costs. Michael Dailey got up a fight at the Point Saturday night with some former workmen. He was fined \$10 and costs. Dan Satlor was fined \$10 and costs. He did not have the fine and was given 30 days instead.

Magistrate Hyndman disposed of 17 cases in his district yesterday morning. At the Nineteenth ward station Mrs. Mary McCormack of Shakespeare street, was fined \$10 and costs for keeping a disorderly house. Eight men were arrested at her house and they were fined \$5 and costs. George Harris, was senied \$5 and costs. George Harris, was senied \$5 and costs. George Harris, was senied of the ward station John Truce was held over for a further hearing for selling liquor without a license.

There were only two cases before Magistrate were only two cases before Magistrate was held over for a further hearing for selling liquor without a license.

cense.
There were only two cases before Magis There were only two cases before Magistrate Succop yesterday morning. Mary Jones was sent to jail for five days for disorderly conduct and William Long, who had been arrested on the same offense, was discharged. It was the smallest Sunday morning hearing that has been held for many months.

months.

There were 12 cases before Mayor Kennedy at the Allegheny police hearing yester day morning. None of the cases were of any importance.

A MAN TO BEAT MORGAN. Al, Carille Thinks John H. Wallace Is th

Logical Candidate. Al. Carlile returned yesterday from a trip through Ohio. The veteran Democrat is pleased with himself as a political prophet He said before the conventions that Har rison would be nominated, and that Cleve land and Stevenson would be the Democratic

land and Stevenson would be the Democratic candidates. He now predicts that Grover will carry the country in a canter. He even believes that with the right kind of management Ohio would go Democratic. The fact that anti-Cleveland Democrats are in the saddle in the Buckeye State doesn't worry him. He says as soon as they fail to do the square thing the people will turn them down. The voters will not stand any monkeying this year. It now leaks out that Brice was a Presidental candidate, and he hoped to slip into the nomination between Cleveland and Hill. He spent considerable money electing delegates in Ohio.

"I think," said Mr. Carlile last evening, "that T. R. Morgan, the Republican candidate for Congress in McKinley's old district, can easily be beaten if the right man is pitted against him. The logical and strongest candidate is John H. Wallace, of New Lisbon. He defeated McKinley once, but was counted out. Mr. Wallace is not after the place, and if he is named it will be one of the few instances on record where the office sought the man. There are a number of aspirants for the Job of running against Morgan.

"Congressman Warwick has made a deal

of aspirants for the job of running against Morgan.

"Congressman Warwick has made a deal by which he hopes Sam Phipps, of Youngstown, will be his legatee, but Phipps is the weakest man that could be put up, and he will certainly be turned down. Other candidates are Dr. Ikint, of East Liverpool, W. S. Potts, editor of the Ohio Patrio of New Lisbon, A. W. Taylor, of Canton, and Welty, of Canton. I hope that Wallace will be selected."

MORAL TONE IMPROVING.

Secretary Biddle Inspecting Penal and Char-Cadwalader Biddle, Secretary of the State Board of Charities, and Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, of Gettysburg, registered at the Monon

Board of Charities, and Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, of Gettysburg, registered at the Monongahela House yesterday. They have been inspecting the penal and charitable institutions in the northern counties of the State, and stopped over to see James B. Scott. They expect to return home this morning. Mr. Biddle said he reserved Pittsburg, Philadelphia and the other large cities for the winter months. He says it is too hot to visit the charitable places in the cities in summer.

The secretary had little to say about the work he is doing. "In the northern section of the State," he said, "the charitable homes and the penal institutions are in excellent condition. The managers are always willing to make changes when mecommended. I noticed that the criminals were sentenced for light offences, and the general moral tone is improving. This is tree of the upper counties, but I can't speak for the State at large. It is too early to discuss the appropriations. The institutions apply to the Charity Board for aid, and then their requests are submitted to the Lexislature."

Two years ago the State was short of funds, and most of the appropriations were cut down one-half. It is expected that many of the charitable homes will close the year in bad financial holes. The State institutions are first provided for, and it is expected that some heavy drafts will be made fol aid next year. A number of needed and contemplated improvements in hospitials, etc., went by default, because the State couldn't help them.

NEITHER MONEY NOR PRIENDS. The Man Who Died of Rough on Rat Will Be Buried by the County. The body of J. Kirschner, who suicided by taking rough on rats Saturday night, wil probably have to be buried at the expense probably have to be buried at the expense of the county. A man who lived in part of the same house occupied by the suicide, in the East End, called at the morgue yesterday and stated that Kirschner had no relatives in this country. He had talked of some of his people in Germany, but was always careful not to tell in what part of the country they lived. He had been a hard worker, but lately had not met with much success in getting work to do and became quiet and uncommunicative. He left his rooms early Saturday morning and was not seen by his neighbors alterward.

Acting Coroner McKenna will hold an inquest on the case today.

Michael Colgan Drowned While Bathing. Michael Colgan, aged 20 years, a brakeman on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, while swimming in the Allegheny river at the foot of Fiftieth street last evening, was drowned. Colean and Patrick Murray attempted to swim across the river and when tempted to swim across the river and when about half way across Colgan threw up his hand and went down. Colgan resided with his brother on Ann street. He also has three sisters residing in this city. On his person was a letter from his mother, upbraiding him for not writing sooner and taking him to task about getting married, he evidently having written to her that he was about to marry. A letter was found on his person addressed to Henry Colgan, Na 10 Dail street. Blackhill, Durham county.

Dropped Dead on the Stree's. Mrs. Eliza Burke, aged 25 years, the wife of Charles Burke, sell dead from heart disease yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock, in front of 175 River avenue, Alleghenv. Her body was removed to her home 71 First street, Allegheny.

Tired of Asylum Life.

Four orphans named Reardor, aged 14, 12, 6 and 4 years, ran away from the Tannebill Orphan Asylum yesterday. Two of the children are girls. A description of the run-aways has been left at the Eleventh ward police station.

Nearly every honsehold uses a stimulant of some kind. None better known or more highly recommended than Klein's "Silver Age" and Duquesne Rye whiskies. Physicians of high standing have vouched for the truth of this over their signatures. These testimonials are shown in Max Klein's window, Federal street, Allegheny. Send to him for catalogue and price list of all kinds of liquors.

AUFRECHT makes the finest cabinet photos of anybody for \$1 per doz. 77 Fifth avenue. Bring children early. THE "Kenmawr Concert" will be held at Cor. Fifth Ave. and Market St.

AN EASTERN WRINKLE

day Morning Dose-Not Many Sent to Introduced to Alleghenians by Two Brooklyn Gentlemen.

LOUD WAILS FROM A COMPETITOR.

Clever Scheme to Sell Furniture in a Private Residence

INVESTIGATED BY POLICE OFFICIALS

A small storm has been raised in various police and mercantile quarters in Allegheny by the unique auction establishment which has been opened by two gentlemen. They are quartered in one of the finest residences of the Northside, a large brick mansion near Bidwell street.

The gentlemen are from Brooklyn, N. Y., and came from the East to show the people of Pittsburg and Allegheny a new wrinkle in the auction business. They sell everything that enters into the furnishing of a house, but instead of selling their goods in a store room, they have them arranged properly in the various rooms of a fine residence, so that they may show off to the best advantage. The front and back parlors are furnished in the most gaudy style, rich with portierres, lace curtains, oriental rugs finely upholstered chairs and sofas, and an abundance of glittering brie-a-brac and paintings. There is, in fact, a very large amount of glitter. The dining room has its big table and polished sideboard of hard wood, with an appetiseing array of china, The bedrooms, with their big mirrors and curtained beds, are arranged with taste, and are cozy and inviting. On this plan several auction houses are conducted in Eastern cities, and a little over two months ago these gentlemen concluded to try the plan on the good people of Allegheny.

Opposed to High License,

They did not set up in Pittsburg for the

reason that an auction room in this city pays a high license. In Allegheny no license fee is required. They have been holding auca high license. In Allegheny no license fee is required. They have been holding auctions twice a week. flooding the town with handbills and filling their rooms with purchasers. The trouble soon began.

First, some furniture dealers complained to the police authorities that these outsiders were cutting the market. Then some of the residents of the high-toned section felt hurt that such a business should be carried on right within sight of their homes. Some of these aggrieved citizens complained to the landlord, but that gentleman said he lived nearer than anybody else, being next door, and had not been disturbed. Then came a wail from a gentleman who had set up a similar establishment a few blocks away. He had followed his competitors from the East and thought he would have a share of the pickings. He went to Police Superintendent Muth and compained that the other fellows were distributing their hand bills right in front of his door. He wanted to know if they could do that: he though it was real mean. The Superintendent was forced to tell the man that his rivals could hand out their bills anywhere on the street. The man went away, vowing that he would strew the pavement about his rivals establishment with bills announcing his superior bargains.

Every Point Carefully Guarded. The police inquired whether the Brooklyn men had taken out a county license as auctioneers, but found that they had carefully covered that point of attack. The situation was viewed from all sides, but it was concluded that there was no weak spot in the defenses, and the police retired from

in the defenses, and the police retired from the action.

Superintendent Muth is not at all satisfied, however, with the outfit. He says there is a pretense, by reason of the circumstances, that the goods belonged in the house and are being sold off for the unknown rich owner, who had possibly gone to Europe or had possibly gone to the cemetery and therefore had no more use for the goods off this world. The bills of the auctioneers do not say this, and they do not say otherwise. There is no doubt this impression is entertained by many of the men and women who go there to buy, "said Superintendent Muth yesterday." They would soon drop it if they saw goods carried in at the rear door as fast at they were carried out at the front, or should wander into the cellar and see the tracker of years just imported from the old. should wander into the cellar and see the stacks of vases just imported from the old world."

Union Miners Under Arrest. WALLACE, IDAHO, July 17 .- Confidence is fully restored and no further trouble is expected in the Cour d'Alene mining district, for the union men are mostly under arrest. General Carlin has gone to Mullan, leaving Major Thayer in command here.
The Coroner's inquest has been postponed
till July 23. This afternoon about 100
union miners and citizens were brought
down from Burke under a strong guard and narched through the streets to military headquarters.

DE WITT'S Little Early Risers. Best pill for billousness, sick headache, malaria.

HUGUS&HACKE

SUMMER SALE Bargains in Housekeeping

Huck and Damask GREATSILK SALETO-DAY! Towels, regular price 18c, selling now at tunity these stores have ever made 121/2c each.

Towels, large size, that were 35c, now at 25c each. Old Bleach Huck

Towels, fine qualities, reduced from 371/2c, 50c and 65c to 25c, 37½ c and 50c. Odd Towels, Trays,

Scarfs and Doilies, Dresser Sets, etc., at about half regular

All - Linen Hemstitched Linen Sheets from \$4.50 per pair up.

EXTRA--Have just received 500 heavy BLOUSE Smyrna Rugs and Mats, which we offer this week at special Shirts or Children's Waists. The proper thing for summer. Inexpensive. 31 50 to thing for summer. Inexpensive at 50 to thing for summer. Inexpensive at 50 to thing for summer. Inexpensive at 50 to thing for summer lines pensive. The proper thing for summer in Shirts or Children's Waists. The proper thing for summer in Shirts or Children's Waists. The proper thing for summer in Shirts or Children's Waists. The proper thing for summer. Inexpensive at 50 to thing for summer at 50 t ow prices.

A BIG PACKAGE OF MONEY GONE, But the Express Company Officials Refu

to Say It Contained \$60,000, NEW HAVEN, CONN., July 17 .- [Special 1 -From the reticence and peculiar manner of the officials of the Adams Express Company, there seems to be some foundation for the report of the reported robbery of the comthe report of the reported robbery of the com-pany of a package of money destined for a Meriden bank. General Barton, agent of the Adams Express office in this city, when seen to-night absolutely declined to talk, or say whether the sum was more or less than \$60,000. It is said here that detectives have been employed by the express company and are at work, but no complaint of such a loss has been made to the local police, nor do they know anything about the matter. Several of the employes of the Government were seen to-night, but all ex-Government were seen to-night, but all express ignorance. Ex-Judge Lynde Harrison, counsel for the Adams Express Company, and Mr. Barton, held a short consultation this morning. Judge Harrison would say nothing further than it was his

opinion that the matter did not amount to much.

A special from Bridgeport says: Neither President Henry Sanford nor Division Superintendent John Curtis, of the Adams Express Company, are in this city, and Agent C. A. Peabody will give no information concerning the reported loss of a valuable pouch of money between New York and New Haven.

The Leading Dry Goods House.

Jos. Horne & Go.'s

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Special Silk Sales. TO-DAY

We will sell several thousand yards of

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Short lengths of fine Printed

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promptly. Plenty of room for show-

The greatest SILK buying oppor-

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Ladies, Misses and Children.

EVERY STYLE! EVERY WIDTH Prices, 68c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.75, \$2

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GOLD OR SILVER

E. P. ROBERTS & SONS, FIFTH AVE. AND MARKET ST.